

A new class of costs in optimal transport planning

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In optimal mass transport theory, many problems can be written in the Monge-Kantorovich form

$$\inf \left\{ \int_{X \times Y} c(x, y) d\gamma : \gamma \in \Pi(\mu, \nu) \right\}, \quad (1)$$

where μ, ν are given probability measures on X, Y and $c : X \times Y \rightarrow [0, +\infty[$ is a cost function. Here the competitors are probability measures γ on $X \times Y$ with marginals μ and ν respectively (transport plans). Let us recall that if an optimal transport plan $\gamma \in \Pi(\mu, \nu)$ is carried by the graph of a map $T : X \rightarrow Y$ i.e. if

$$\langle \gamma, \varphi(x, y) \rangle = \int_X \varphi(x, Tx) d\mu, \quad T^\# \mu = \nu,$$

then T solves the original Monge problem: $\inf \{ \int_X c(x, Tx) d\mu : T^\# \mu = \nu \}$.

Here we are interested in a different case. Indeed in some applications to economy or in probability theory, it can be interesting to favour optimal plans which are non associated to a single valued transport map $T(x)$. The idea is then to consider, instead of $T(x)$, the family of conditional probabilities γ^x such that

$$\langle \gamma, \varphi(x, y) \rangle = \int_X \left(\int_X \varphi(x, y) d\gamma^x(y) \right) d\mu,$$

and to incorporate in problem (1) an additional cost over γ^x as follows

$$\inf \left\{ \int_{X \times X} c(x, y) d\gamma + \int_X G(x, \gamma^x) d\mu : \gamma \in \Pi(\mu, \nu) \right\}, \quad (2)$$

being $G : (x, p) \in X \times \mathcal{P}(X) \rightarrow [0, +\infty]$ a given non linear function.

In this talk I will describe some recent results concerning problem (2) (existence, duality principle, optimality conditions) and focus on specific examples where $X = Y$ and X is a convex compact subset of \mathbb{R}^d .

This is a joined work with Thierry Champion and J.J. Alibert (University of Toulon).