

# Effect of heat treatments to endodontic files

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## Introduction

Nickel-titanium (Ni-Ti) endodontic files are used for over three decades, replacing stainless steel ones, as they show greater resistance to rotation/flexion and torsion[1] associated with a greater recovery of deformation. Until this day, NiTi endodontic files have been subject of studies in order to improve the fatigue performance of these medical devices [1-5]. The main problem of using these alloys as endodontic instruments, relates to the fact that they present a high risk of fracture. It is important to note that the existing NiTi endodontic files, have several distinct characteristics, such as composition, design and manufacture, that may influence the performance of the file [4,5,6]. The objective of this study is to obtain a better performance of these components (at mechanical level) by heat treatments by modifying the phase transformation temperatures.

## Materials and Methods

### Material



### Heat Treatments

The heat treatments at a conventional furnace (250, 300, 350, 400°C, 1 hour) were followed by quenching.

Simulated heat treatments (250, 300°C, 1 hour) using DSC were also performed.

### Tests

• DSC thermal analysis (DSC 204 F1 Phoenix from NETZSCH)

• Torsion Testing (Shimadzu AG 50 N)

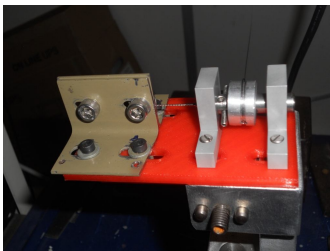


Fig.1- Experimental set up for torsion tests

## Conclusions

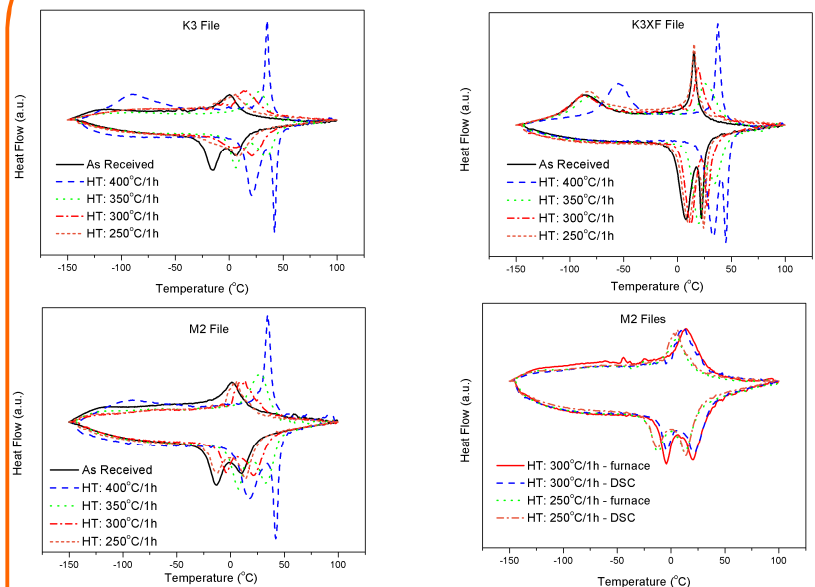
- The heat treatments increased the transformation temperatures. R-phase is present in both direct and inverse transformations.
- As the objective is a superelastic behaviour at the oral temperature, the advantageous heat treatments should be performed between 250 and 300 °C for 1 hour.
- We can also see that the heat treatment for the MTwo file in the furnace or in the DSC equipment show no major differences.
- The mechanical behaviour shows that the file recovers almost all the deformation at 180°; for a higher angle of rotation some irrecoverable plastic deformation is observed.

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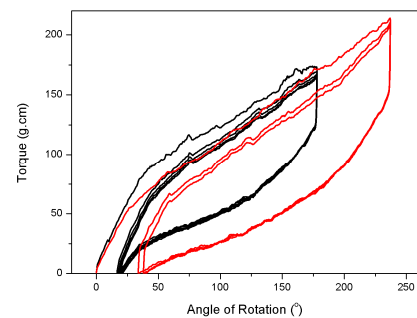
## Results

### DSC Analysis



### Mechanical Test

Torsion test  
Stroke speed:  
100 mm/min



## References

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